Fourth Annual College Greek Exam (2012)

TIME: 50 MINUTES	DO NOT USE A DICTIONARY
Write YOUR NAME at the top left-h	and portion of your answer sheet. Write YOUR LAST NAME FIRST.
	nder your name. DO NOT change the identification number on the
sheet or add any additional informat	cion.
Mark the correct choice ON YOUR A question. Choose the BEST POSSIBL	ANSWER SHEET. There is only one correct answer/choice for each E ANSWER.
1. The form of the definite artic	cle that agrees with μητρός is
a. ó (41.4%)	c. τάς (4.9%)
b. τό (5.7%)	*d. τῆς (48.0%)
2. εἶλον serves as a tense of wh	nat verb?
*a. αἱρέω (42.1%)	c. ὁράω (18.0%)
b. εἶμι (12.7%)	d. λέγω (26.8%)
3. The form which agrees with	(modifies) φύσεως is
a. πονηοῶς (39.3%)	*c. πονηρ $ ilde{lpha}$ ς (11.4%)
b. πονηφοῦ (43.1%)	d. πονηοῶν (5.7%)
4. Which of the following gives	s the command "Laugh!"
a. γελᾶς (22.2%)	*c. γέλασον (34.2%)
b. γελῶ (25.2%)	d. γελάσασθαι (17.5%)
5. The form $\mu \tilde{\epsilon} i v \alpha i$ is a(n)	
*a. aorist infinitive (56.0%)	c. plural noun (17.1%)
b. present infinitive (17.3%)	d. feminine participle (9.5%)
6. Choose the pronoun that fits καλὰ ἦν.	s correctly into this sentence: τὰ δῶραἐπέμπομεν
a. ô (7.0%)	c. ἡ (29.4%)
b. δς (15.4%)	*d. $\hat{\alpha}$ (48.2%)
7. The sentence μανθάνομεν δ equivalent to: a. δεῖ τοὺς ἀνθοώπους μανθά	ότι ἡ ἀνάγκη ἄοχει τῶν ἀνθοώπων is virtually ενειν. (5.5%)
b. δεῖ ἡμᾶς διδάσκειν τοὺς ἀν	
**	άρχειν τῶν ἀνθρώπων. (68.1%)
	άρχειν τῶν ἀνθρώπων. (17.8%)

8. Which verb has the appropriat	e accent over the correct syllable?
a. ἐγελὼμεν (8.5%)	c. ἐγῆλομεν (22.0%)
b. γελώμεν (13.7%)	*d. ἐγελῶμεν (55.8%)
9. What is the tense of διδασκόμε	$\epsilon \theta \alpha$?
a. perfect (19.7%)	c. future (14.0%)
b. aorist (9.3%)	*d. present (56.4%)
10. The <u>underlined</u> words in οί σ πόλιν can be replaced by:	τοατιῶται <u>ἔφεοον</u> τὰς ἐπιστολὰς <u>καὶ</u> ἔτοεχον εἰς τὴν
*α. φέροντες (66.8%)	c. φερομέν <i>α</i> ς (12.1%)
b. φέ ρειν (9.9%)	d. φερούσας (11.0%)
11. Making the person of ἐφίλει :	plural yields the form
a. φιλοῦσι (24.3%)	c. ἐφιλοῦμεν (10.1%)
*b. ἐφίλουν (55.6%)	d. ἐφιλοῦ (9.9%)
12. The tense of τίθησι is	
*a. present (35.9%)	c. aorist (36.2%)
b. imperfect (6.8%)	d. perfect (21.1%)
13. The superlative degree of the	adverb πονηρ $\tilde{\omega}$ ς is:
a. ώς πονη ρός (4.4%)	c. ως πονηρότατος (35.7%)
b. πονηρότερον (14.0%)	*d. πονηρότατα (45.9%)
14. The dative plural of βασιλεύο	ç is
a. βασιλέων (8.9%)	c. βασιλεῖ (15.4%)
b. βασιλέως (15.2%)	*d. βασιλεῦσιν (60.5%)
15. Choose the imperfect tense th	nat corresponds to βάλλουσιν:
a. ἔβαλον (20.7%)	*c. ἔβαλλον (53.5%)
b. βαλοῦσιν (4.4%)	d. ἐβάλλοντο (21.4%)
16. οί γαμοῦντες become	
a. clowns (14.0%)	c. the essence of being (17.8%)
b. letters of the alphabet (19.9%)	*d. husbands (48.2%)
17. Fill in the blank: ὁ Ἡρακλῆς	ἐστὶ βελτίων
a. ὁ Περσεύς (12.1%)	*c. τοῦ Περσέως (47.8%)
b. αί Ἀθῆναι (8.2%)	d. τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις (31.5%)

18. Which prose writer explained	the history of the wars between Greeks and Persians?
a. Άριστοτέλης (6.6%)	c. Θουκυδίδης (18.4%)
*b. Ἡοόδοτος (67.7%)	d. Ξενοφῶν (7.2%)
19. The adjective that agrees with	the noun ἄρχων is
a. εὐδαιμόνων (17.3%)	c. ἀξίων (31.7%)
*b. εὐδαίμων (39.5%)	d. ἄξιον (10.8%)
20. The case of ἡμῖν is	
a. nominative (9.7%)	*c. dative (60.0%)
b. genitive (5.9%)	d. accusative (23.9%)
,	
21. The tense and mood of π εφιλ	ηκέναι are
a. perfect imperative (6.3%)	c. pluperfect indicative (8.7%)
*b. perfect infinitive (74.2%)	
22. Choose the correct adjective to	ο complete this sentence: βλέπομεν τὰς
γυναῖκας.	
a. $\alpha\lambda\eta\theta$ ής (7.0%)	c. πάντας (54.8%)
b. ἡδύς (4.2%)	*d. ταύτας (33.4%)
23. Where did the Spartans fight a	a famous hattle?
a. Μυκῆναι (3.4%)	*c. Θεομοπύλαι (76.3%)
•	d. Θῆβαι (2.3%)
b. Μα <i>ο</i> αθών (18.0%)	u. Offpat (2.5%)
24. Which phrase expresses the u	nderlined words? We blocked the pass with (by means
of) our bodies.	1
a. τῷ σώματι (8.5%)	c. ὑπὸ τῶν σωμάτων (26.8%)
*b. τοῖς σώμασι (55.8%)	d. ἀπὸ τῶν σωμάτων (8.9%)
,	
25. The present middle participle	that corresponds to the aorist active participle
πείσαντες is	
a. πεισάμενοι (19.2%)	*c. πειθόμενοι (53.3%)
b. πείθοντες (16.9%)	d. πιπτόμενοι (10.4%)
26. Choose the noun that fits corr	ectly into this sentence: οὐ χοήματα δίδομεν
κακαῖς.	
a. ἀνδοί (9.9%)	c. γυναικί (21.6%)
b. ἀνδοάσι (27.9%)	*d. γυναιξί (40.4%)

- 27. Choose the best translation for τὸ τοῦ ἐκείνου τοῦ ἵππου σώματος εἶδος καλόν.
- a. It's a fine thing to see that man's horse. (5.9%)
- *b. The appearance of that horse's body is beautiful. (76.1%)
- c. That man has a horse with a handsome appearance. (10.8%)
- d. The beautiful appearance belongs to the horse. (6.8%)
- 28. The English adjective pathetic derives from the third principal part of the verb
- *a. $\pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \chi \omega$ (50.7%)
- c. πέμπω (2.1%)

b. πείθω (40.4%)

- d. πίπτω (6.6%)
- 29. οὐδένα is a form of which word?
- a. ὁδός (7.4%)

c. οὖτος (4.4%)

b. αὐτός (1.3%)

- *d. οὐδείς (86.5%)
- 30. Choose the correct noun to complete this sentence: τὰ τοῦ κόσμου $___{\dot{\alpha}}$ ληθῆ ἐστιν.
- a. γυνή (15.9%)

c. ἐλπίδα (55.6%)

*b. εἴδη (15.2%)

d. ὁδός (12.9%)

Answer questions 31-40 based on the passage below. In his essay *On the Education of Children* ($\Pi\epsilon\varrho$ ì $\pi\alpha$ íδων ἀγωγῆς, 9b-c), Plutarch discusses how much effort fathers should use when pushing their children to excel.

- 1 πατέρες τινὲς σπεύδοντες τοὺς παῖδας ταχέως πρωτεῦσαι πόνους
- 2 αὐτοῖς ὑπερμέτρους ἐπιβάλλουσιν, οἶς ἀπαυδῶντες ἐκπίπτουσι
- 3 καὶ βαουνόμενοι ταῖς κακοπαθείαις χαλεπῶς δέχονται τὴν
- 4 μάθησιν. ὤσπες γὰς τὰ φυτὰ τοῖς μὲν μετςίοις ὕδασι τς έφεται,
- 5 τοῖς δὲ πολλοῖς πάσχει, οὕτως καὶ ἡ ψυχὴ τοῖς μὲν συμμέτοοις
- 6 αὔξεται πόνοις, τοῖς δ' ὑπερβάλλουσι βαπτίζεται. δεῖ οὖν τοῖς
- 7 παισὶν ἀναπνοὴν τῶν πόνων διδόναι.

ἀναπνοή –ῆς ἡ pause (lit. a "breather") ἀπαυδάω fail at (+dat.) αὔξομαι increase βαπτίζομαι drown, overwhelm βαούνω weigh down, depress, oppress ἐκπίπτω fall off, decline ἐπιβάλλω lay on, impose κακοπάθεια –ας ἡ distress μάθησις, μαθήσεως ἡ lesson μέτριος –α –ον average, moderate

παῖς, παιδός ὁ child πόνος –ου ὁ hard work πρωτεύω be first σπεύδω be eager σύμμετρος –ον proportionate ὕδωρ, ὕδατος τό water ὑπερβάλλω surpass, exceed ὑπέρμετρος –ον excessive φυτόν –οῦ τό plant ὥσπερ just as

YOU MAY SEPARATE THIS PAGE FROM THE REST OF THE TEST IN ORDER TO CONSULT THE READING PASSAGE MORE EASILY.

- 31. The mood of π οωτεῦσαι (line 1) is
- *a. infinitive (64.5%) c. participle (11.6%) b. indicative (19.0%) d. imperative (4.7%)
- 32. In line 2, οἶς refers to what noun or pronoun (i.e., what is its antecedent)?
- a. πατέρες (line 1) (13.7%)
 b. παῖδας (line 1) (21.7%)
 c. πόνους (line 1) (13.1%)
 d. αὐτοῖς (line 2) (40.8%)
- b. παῖδας (line 1) (31.7%) d. αὐτοῖς (line 2) (40.8%)
- 33. In lines 1-2, why do some fathers treat their children as they do?
- a. Their children are eager to be first. (9.7%)
- b. The children throw pains on their fathers. (3.0%)
- *c. The fathers are eager for their children to excel. (85.6%)
- d. The fathers believe their children suffer too much pain. (1.5%)
- 34. Lines 2-4 (οἷς...μάθησιν) suggest children do not like their lessons because
- *a. They are stressed out. (64.7%)
- b. The lessons move too quickly. (20.5%)
- c. They are not physically fit enough to lift their heavy burdens. (7.8%)
- d. Their teachers do not introduce the lessons nicely. (6.8%)
- 35. The word which $\pi o \lambda \lambda \tilde{o}$ (in line 5) agrees with (modifies) is
- a. φυτ $\dot{\alpha}$ (line 4) (13.3%) c. οὕτως (line 5) (7.8%) *b. ὕδασι (line 4) (44.8%) d. πόνοις (line 6) (33.4%)
- 36. According to lines 4-5 (ιωσπερ... πάσχει) we learn that
- *a. Plants thrive on a moderate amount of water. (77.0%)
- b. Plants can nourish only so much water. (16.9%)
- c. Many plants suffer when nourished with water. (3.0%)
- d. Many plants suffer when children grow them. (2.1%)
- 37. The word ὑπερβάλλουσι (line 6) is
- a. an infinitive complementary with βαπτίζεται (7.4%)
- b. an infinitive complementary with $\alpha \mathring{\upsilon} \xi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota$ (3.2%)
- c. a present active verb in the third-person plural (57.5%)
- *d. a participle in the dative case (31.3%)

- 38. What case and number is $\pi \alpha \iota \sigma \iota \nu$ (line 7)?
- a. nominative singular (2.1%)
- *b. dative plural (80.3%)
- c. accusative singular (11.4%)
- d. nominative plural (4.9%)
- 39. The word διδόναι (line 7) is
- *a. an infinitive complementary with $\delta \epsilon \tilde{\iota}$ (line 6) (68.5%)
- b. an adjective modifying $\pi\alpha\iota\sigma\iota\nu$ (line 7) (7.6%)
- c. the subject (nominative) of the sentence (9.3%)
- d. a participle in the nominative case (13.3%)
- 40. In lines 5-7 (οὕτως ... διδόναι), Plutarch concludes that
- a. Children should pause to receive gifts when they are overwhelmed. (10.8%)
- b. Children will surpass their peers in order to take a break. (11.8%)
- *c. Children should be pushed moderately in their lessons. (72.7%)
- d. Growing a plant helps children rest from pain. (3.4%)

TΕΛΟΣ (The End)